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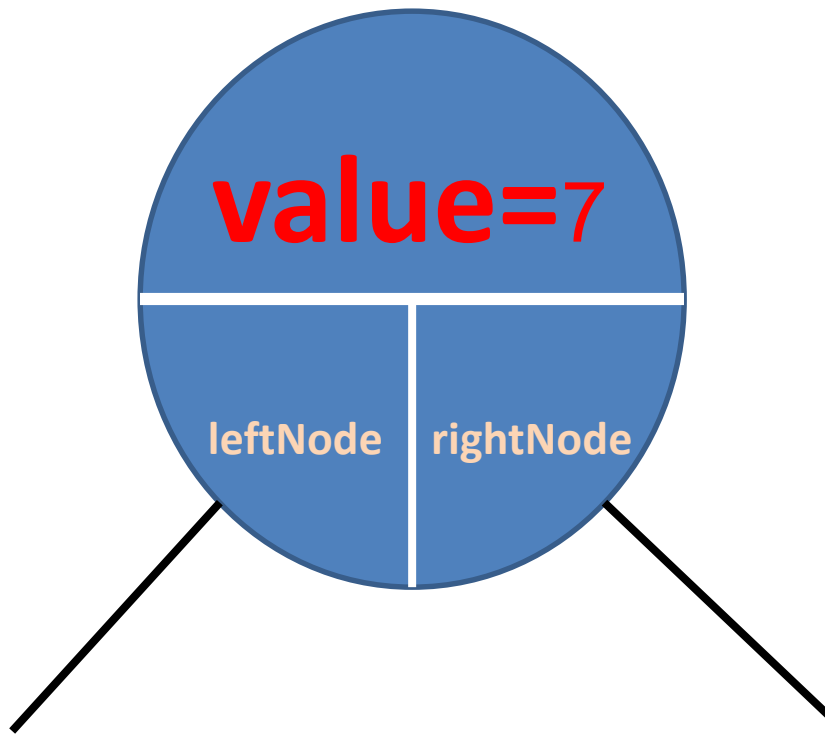
Data Structure and Programming Languages

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TREES

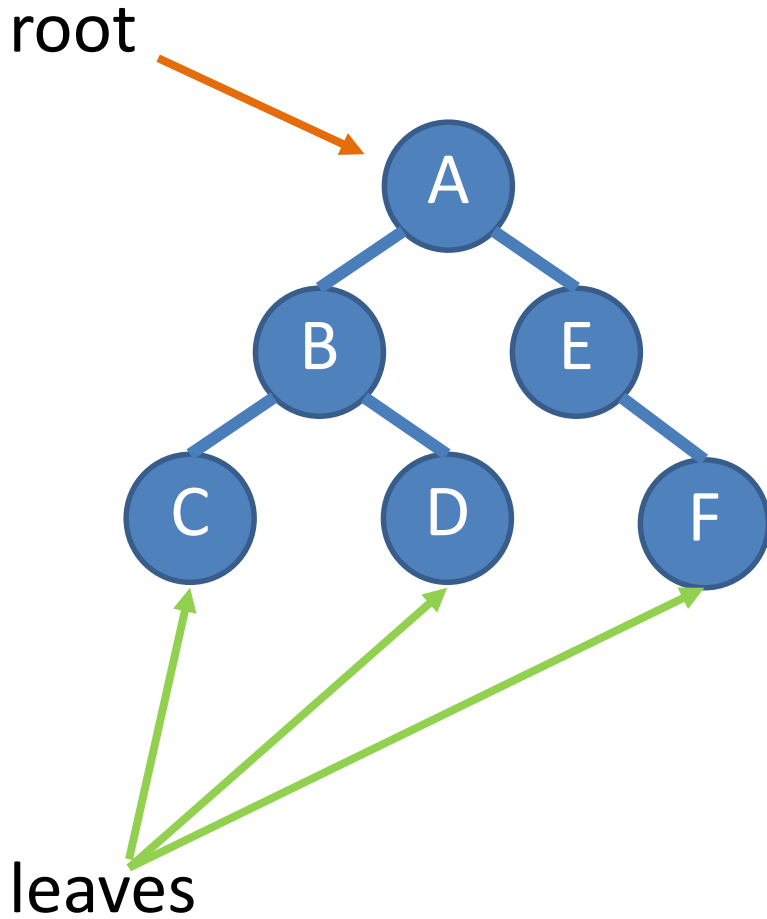
- Binary tree
 - Create a node
 - Insert a node
 - Find a key
 - Traversal

Node



```
public class Node {  
    int value;  
    Node leftNode;  
    Node rightNode;  
  
    Node() {  
    }  
  
    Node(int inputValue) {  
        value = inputValue;  
    }  
}
```

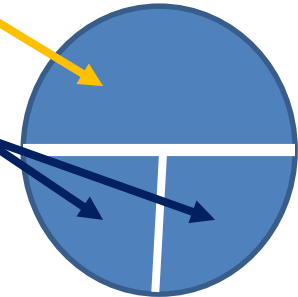
Class Tree



```
public class Tree {  
    Node root;  
    Node pointer;  
  
    Tree() {  
        root=null;  
    }  
  
    Tree(int item) {  
        root = new Node();  
        root.value = item;  
    }  
    //OPERATIONS
```

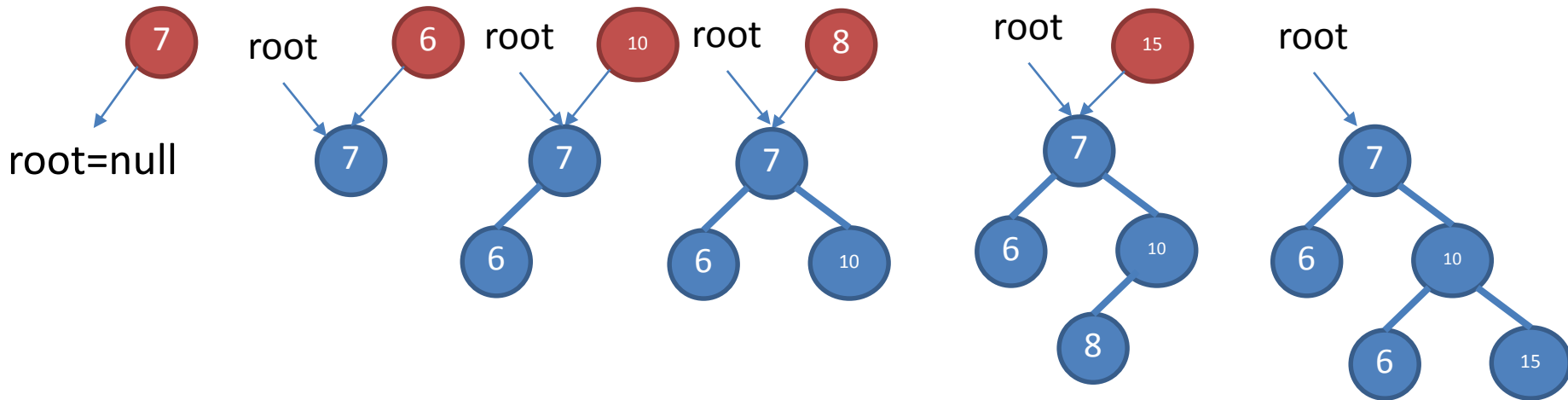
Create a node

```
Node createNode(int item) {  
    Node newNode = new Node();  
    newNode.value = item;  
    newNode.leftNode = null;  
    newNode.rightNode = null;  
    return newNode;  
}
```



รูปตัวอย่างการ insert node

- ลำดับการ insert node: 7, 6, 10, 8, 15



เริ่มต้น root = null

ผลลัพธ์สุดท้าย

```
void insertNewNode(Node newNode) {  
    Node previous=null  
    pointer=null;  
  
    if (root == null) {  
        root = newNode;  
    } else {  
        pointer=root;  
        while(pointer!=null){  
            previous = pointer;  
            if(pointer.value>newNode.value){  
                pointer=pointer.leftNode;  
            }else{  
                pointer=pointer.rightNode;  
            }  
        }  
        if(previous.value>newNode.value){  
            previous.leftNode=newNode;  
        }else{  
            previous.rightNode=newNode;  
        }  
    }  
}
```

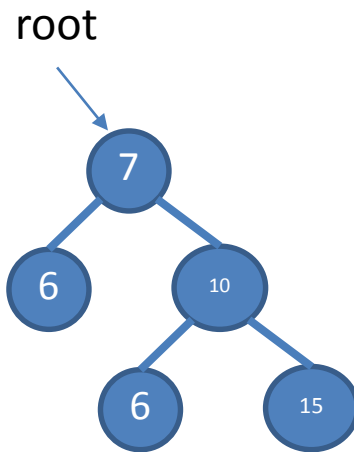
หาโหนดสุดท้ายแล้วเก็บไว้ที่ **previous**

เลือกตัวชี้ที่จะต้อง **link** ไปโหนดใหม่

Class Test

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    // TODO Auto-generated method stub  
    Tree t = new Tree(10);  
    Node x = new Node(5);  
    Node y = new Node(15);  
    t.insertNewNode(x);  
    t.insertNewNode(y);  
    System.out.println(t.root.value);  
    System.out.print(t.root.leftNode.value);  
    System.out.print(t.root.rightNode.value);  
}
```

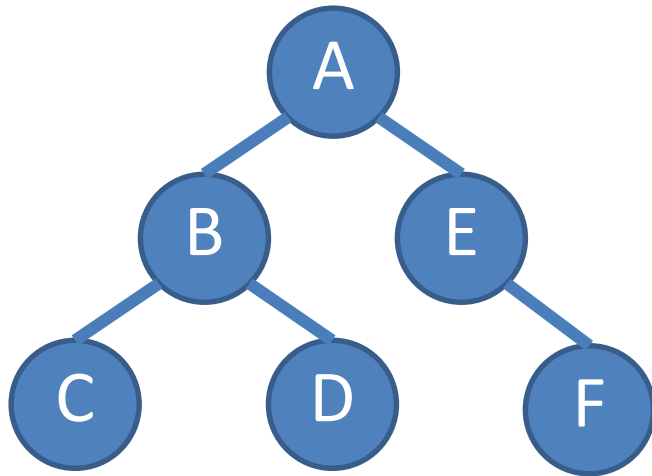

FindKey



FindKey(20)
FindKey(10)

```
void FindKey(int key, Node v){  
    if(v==null){  
        System.out.println("Not found.");  
    }  
    if(key<v.value){  
        if(v.leftNode==null){  
            System.out.println("Not found.");  
        }else{  
            FindKey(key,v.leftNode);  
        }  
    }else if(key==v.value){  
        System.out.println("Found.");  
    }else{  
        if(v.rightNode==null){  
            System.out.println("Not found.");  
        }else{  
            FindKey(key,v.rightNode);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Binary Tree Traversal



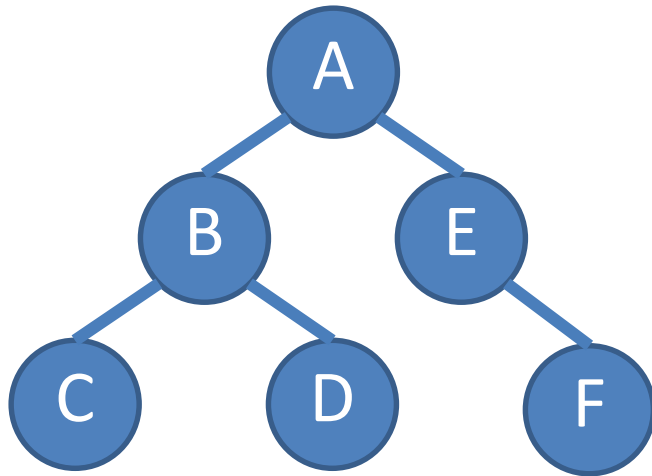
preOrder

```
void preOrder(Node p){  
    System.out.println(p.value);  
    if(p.leftNode!=null){  
        preOrder(p.leftNode);  
    }  
    if(p.rightNode!=null){  
        preOrder(p.rightNode);  
    }  
}
```

ผลลัพธ์: $RT_L T_R$

A B C D E F

Binary Tree Traversal

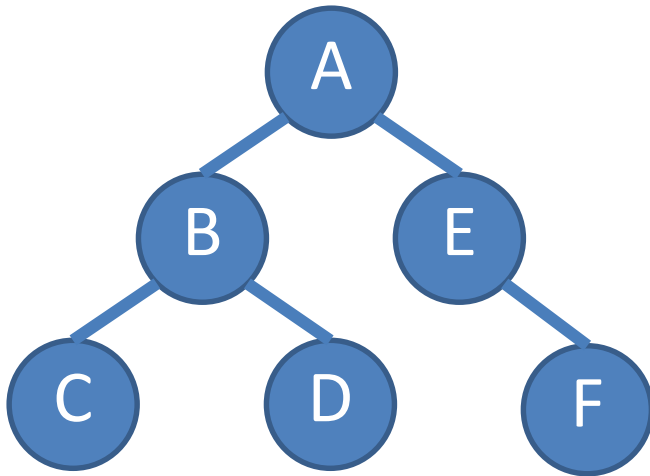


postOrder

```
void postOrder(Node p){  
    if(p.leftNode!=null){  
        postOrder(p.leftNode);  
    }  
    if(p.rightNode!=null){  
        postOrder(p.rightNode);  
    }  
    System.out.println(p.value);  
}
```

ผลลัพธ์: $T_L T_R R$
C D B F E A

Binary Tree Traversal



inOrder

InOrder ??

ผลลัพธ์: $T_L R T_R$

C B D A E F